

# according to WHS Regulations

Printing date 11.02.2021 Revision: 10.02.2021

#### 1 Identification

**Product Name: Hyperfoam** 

Other Means of Identification: Mixture

Other Name: Sodium hydroxide/potassium hydroxide solution containing sodium hypochlorite

#### Recommended Use of the Chemical and Restriction on Use:

Heavy duty foaming sanitiser for cleaning external surfaces in the food industry

#### **Details of Manufacturer or Importer:**

Dasco Pty Ltd 24 - 26 Helen Street

Heidelberg Heights VIC 3081 **Phone Number:** 03 9459 7004

Emergency telephone number: National Poisons Information Centre: 13 11 26

## 2 Hazard(s) Identification

#### **Hazardous Nature:**

Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) and Safe Work Australia criteria.

Classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (7th edition).



Skin Corrosion/Irritation 1A H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.



Aquatic Acute 1 H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# Signal Word Danger

#### **Hazard Statements**

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# **Precautionary Statements**

P260 Do not breathe dusts or mists.
P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water

[or shower].

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P321 Specific treatment (see on this label).
P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P391 Collect spillage.

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P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Additional Information AUH031 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

## 3 Composition and Information on Ingredients

**Chemical Characterization: Mixtures** 

**Description:** Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

Hazardous Com	ponents:	
CAS: 7681-52-9	Sodium hypochlorite, solution	10-20%
	Skin Corrosion/Irritation 1B, H314; Serious Eye Damage/Irritation 1, H318; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410;  STOT SE 3, H335	
CAS: 1310-58-3	Potassium hydroxide	10-15%
	Skin Corrosion/Irritation 1A, H314; Serious Eye Damage/Irritation 1, H318; Acute Toxicity (Oral) 4, H302	
CAS: 84133-50-6	Alcohols, C12-C14-secondary, ethoxylated	2.5-10%
	Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410;  Skin Corrosion/Irritation 2, H315; Serious Eye Damage/Irritation 2, H319	
CAS: 584-08-7	Potassium carbonate	2.5-10%
	♦ Serious Eye Damage/Irritation 2A, H319	
CAS: 25167-32-2	Disodium 2,2'(or 3,3')-oxybis[5(or 2)-dodecylbenzenesulphonate]	<1%
	Acute Toxicity (Oral) 3, H301	
CAS: 28519-02-0	Disodiumdodecyl(sulphonatophenoxy)benzenesulphonate	<1%
	Acute Toxicity (Oral) 3, H301	

## **4 First Aid Measures**

**Inhalation:** If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Seek medical attention if breathing problems develop.

#### **Skin Contact:**

In case of skin contact, immediately remove contaminated clothing and wash affected areas with water and soap. Seek medical attention if symptoms develop.

#### **Eve Contact:**

In case of eye contact, rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek immediate medical attention.

#### Ingestion:

If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Immediately rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek immediate medical attention.

#### Symptoms Caused by Exposure:

Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation. Skin Contact: Causes severe skin burns.

Eye Contact: Causes serious eye damage. May cause redness, stinging and lachrymation.

Ingestion: May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

### 5 Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

#### Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical:

Hazardous combustion products include oxides of sodium, chlorine and hydrogen chloride.

This product is not flammable, but may burn or decompose in a fire.

Containers close to fire should be removed if safe to do so. Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers.

Prevent firefighting run off from entering drains or water courses.

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#### **Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire Fighters:**

When fighting a major fire wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective equipment.

## **6 Accidental Release Measures**

#### Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures:

Wear approved chemical resistant gloves, protective clothing and safety boots. Evacuate all non-essential personnel from affected area. Ensure adequate ventilation.

#### **Environmental Precautions:**

In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses.

#### Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up:

Stop leak if safe to do so and absorb spill with sand, earth, vermiculite or some other absorbent material. Collect the spilled material and place into a suitable container for disposal.

## 7 Handling and Storage

#### **Precautions for Safe Handling:**

Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact.

Food, beverages and tobacco products should not be stored or consumed where this material is in use. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storage or re-use. Provide eyewash fountains and safety showers in close proximity to points of potential exposure.

## **Conditions for Safe Storage:**

Store in a cool, dry and well ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from strong oxidising agents, acids and organic materials.

# **8 Exposure Controls and Personal Protection**

·				
Exposure Standards:				
CAS: 1310-58-3 Potassium hydroxide				
WES Peak limitation: 2 mg/m³				
CAS: 1310-73-2 Sodium hydroxide				
WES Peak limitation: 2 mg/m³				

**Engineering Controls:** Ensure adequate ventilation of the working area.

#### **Respiratory Protection:**

Use an approved vapour respirator under conditions where exposure to the substance is apparent (e.g. generation of high concentrations of mist or vapour, inadequate ventilation, development of respiratory tract irritation) and engineering controls are not feasible. See Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715 and 1716 for more information.

## **Skin Protection:**

PVC, PVA, nitrile, neoprene, rubber or vinyl gloves. See Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161 for more information.

Occupational protective clothing (depending on conditions in which it has to be used, in particular as regards the period for which it is worn, which shall be determined on the basis of the seriousness of the risk, the frequency of exposure to the risk, the characteristics of the workstation of each worker and the performance of the protective clothing). See Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 4501 for more information.

#### **Eye and Face Protection:**

Eye and face protectors for protection against splashing materials or liquids. See Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 for more information.

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# 9 Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:

Form: Liquid

Colour:Clear, colourlessOdour:Characteristic

Odour Threshold: No information available

pH-Value: ~14

Melting point/freezing point: No information available

Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: >100 °C
Flash Point: Not applicable

Flammability: Product is not flammable
Auto-ignition Temperature: Product is not self-igniting
Decomposition Temperature: No information available

**Explosion Limits:** 

Lower: Not applicable Upper: Not applicable

Vapour Pressure: No information available

Relative Density: 1.25

Vapour Density:

Evaporation Rate:

Solubility in Water:

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water):

Viscosity:

No information available

Miscible in all proportions

No information available

No information available

# 10 Stability and Reactivity

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

Chemical Stability: Stable at ambient temperature and under normal conditions of use.

Conditions to Avoid: Heat.

Incompatible Materials: Strong oxidising agents, strong acids and organic materials.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Oxides of sodium, chlorine and hydrogen chloride.

#### 11 Toxicological Information

#### **Toxicity:**

LD50/LC50 Values Relevant for Classification:
CAS: 7681-52-9 Sodium hypochlorita solution

Oral LD50 5,800 mg/kg (mouse)

CAS: 1310-58-3 Potassium hydroxide

Oral LD50 273 mg/kg (rat)

CAS: 84133-50-6 Alcohols, C12-C14-secondary, ethoxylated

Oral LD50 2,100 mg/kg (rat)

CAS: 584-08-7 Potassium carbonate

Oral LD50 1,870 mg/kg (rat)

#### **Acute Health Effects**

**Inhalation:** May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin: Causes severe skin burns.

**Eye:** Causes serious eye damage. May cause redness, stinging and lachrymation.

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Ingestion: May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Skin Corrosion / Irritation: Causes severe skin burns.

Serious Eye Damage / Irritation: Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitisation: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity: This product does NOT contain any IARC listed chemicals.

Reproductive Toxicity: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) - Single Exposure:**

Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) - Repeated Exposure:

Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration Hazard: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic Health Effects: No data associated with long term health effects. Existing Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: No information available.

## 12 Ecological Information

**Ecotoxicity:** No further relevant information available.

### Aquatic toxicity:

Very Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

CAS: 7681-52-9 Sodium hypochlorite, solution		
EC50/48 h	0.035 mg/l (daphnia)	
LC50/96 h	35 mg/l (rainbow trout)	
CAS: 1310-58-3 Potassium hydroxide		
EC50/15 minutes	22 mg/l (bacterial)	
LC50/96 h	45.4 mg/l (rainbow trout)	
LC50/48 h	40 mg/l (daphnia)	
CAS: 84133-50-6 Alcohols, C12-C14-secondary, ethoxylated		
EC50/48 h	3.2 mg/l (daphnia)	
LC50/96 h	3.2 mg/l (fathead minnow)	

Persistence and Degradability: No data available on finished product.

Bioaccumulative Potential: No data available on finished product.

Mobility in Soil: No data available on finished product.

Other adverse effects: No further relevant information available.

### 13 Disposal Considerations

**Disposal Methods and Containers:** Dispose according to applicable local and state government regulations.

#### Special Precautions for Landfill or Incineration:

Please consult your state Land Waste Management Authority for more information.

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# 14 Transport Information

**UN Number** 

ADG, IMDG, IATA UN1719

**Proper Shipping Name** 

ADG CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S. (POTASSIUM

HYDROXIDE, HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION),

**ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS** 

IMDG CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S. (POTASSIUM

HYDROXIDE, HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION), MARINE

POLLUTANT

IATA CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S. (POTASSIUM

HYDROXIDE, HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION)

**Dangerous Goods Class** 

ADG Class: 8 Corrosive substances.

Subsidiary Risk:

Packing Group:

ADG, IMDG, IATA

Marine pollutant: Yes

Symbol (fish and tree)

**EMS Number:** F-A,S-B

Hazchem Code: 2R
Special Provisions: 274
Limited Quantities: 1 L

Packagings & IBCs - Packing Instruction: P001, IBC02

Portable Tanks & Bulk Containers - Instructions: T11

Portable Tanks & Bulk Containers - Special

**Provisions:** TP2, TP27

### 15 Regulatory Information

#### **Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals:**

All ingredients are listed.

#### Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Poison Schedule:

Poisons Schedule: 6

#### **Australia: Priority Existing Chemicals**

None of the ingredients is listed.

## 16 Other Information

Date of Preparation or Last Revision: 10.02.2021

Prepared by: MSDS.COM.AU Pty Ltd www.msds.com.au

### Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADG: Australian Dangerous Goods

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

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CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit TWA: Time Weighted Average

NES: National Exposure Standard (Safe Work Australia - Workplace Exposure Standards For Airborne Contaminants)

Acute Toxicity (Oral) 3: Acute toxicity - oral - Category 3

Acute Toxicity (Oral) 4: Acute toxicity - oral – Category 4
Skin Corrosion/Irritation 1A: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 1A

Skin Corrosion/Irritation 1B: Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 1B Skin Corrosion/Irritation 2: Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 2

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 1

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 2

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation 2A: Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 2A

STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3

Aquatic Acute 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (Acute). Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (Chronic). Category 1

#### **Disclaimer**

This SDS is prepared in accord with the Safe Work Australia document "Code of Practice for the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals - July 2020"

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